

Material Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Revision date: November 1, 2016

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

Lithium ion cells and battery packs, LiFePO₄

Product brand: Discover

Product Names: 12-48-6650 15-24-1000 42-48-6650

> 14-24-2800 44-24-2800 IFR32650

Other means of identification:

Discover Energy Advanced Energy Systems (AES)

Discover Energy lithium / lithium ion

Discover Energy cell/module/battery/pack/system

Battery module / battery / pack / system

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use: Electrochemical energy storage - industrial use

Uses advised against: Not applicable

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Discover Energy Corp. #4 - 13511 Crestwood Place Address:

Richmond BC V6V 2E9 Canada

Telephone: +1 (778) 776-3288

Website: www.discoverbattery.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency phone: 1-800-535-5053 (Account# 84774)

Hazards identification **SECTION 2:**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

This product is considered as a manufactured article, and not classified as hazardous according to EC 1272/2008.

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC

This product is not classified as hazardous according to Directive 67/548/EEC.



Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC

This product is not classified as hazardous according to Directive 1999/45/EC.

2.2 Label elements

Symbols / Pictograms No pictogram is used Signal word No signal word is used

Hazard statements Not classified Precautionary statements Not classified

2.3 Other hazards

Primary route(s) to exposure

This product is safe with normal use. Exposure to the ingredients contained within and/or their combustion products could be harmful. Risk of exposure occurs only if the battery is mechanically, thermally, or electrically abused and the enclosure is ruptured. If this occurs, exposure to electrolyte can occur by inhalation, ingestion, eye contact, and skin contact. The battery should not be opened or burned.

Inhalation

Inhalation of material from a sealed battery/cell is not an expected route of exposure. Vapors or mists from a ruptured battery/cell may cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion

Swallowing of material from a sealed battery/cell is not an expected route of exposure. Swallowing the contents of a ruptured cell may cause serious chemical burns of the mouth, esophagus, and gastrointestinal tract.

Skin

Contact between the skin and battery will not cause harm. Contact with the contents of a ruptured cell/battery can cause severe irritation or burns to the skin.

Eye

Contact between the eye and battery will not cause harm. Contact with the contents of a ruptured cell/battery can cause severe irritation or burns to the eye.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Product is a manufactured article. Exposure to interior of article is not expected with normal use.

3.2 Mixture

Product is a manufactured article. Exposure to hazardous ingredients is not expected with normal use.

Composition for Li-ion Cell (Model: IFR32650) used inside product.



Chemical Name	EC No	CAS No.	Weight (%)	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Lithium Iron Phosphate		15365-14-7	27.04	Not classified
Graphite (C)	231-955-3	7782-42-5	12.78	Not classified
Aluminium (Al)	231-072-3	7429-90-5	6.44	Flam. Sol. 1 (H228) Water-react. 2 (H261)
Copper (Cu)	231-159-6	7440-50-8	9.22	Not classified
Ferrum	231-096-4	7439-89-6	23.52	Not classified
Nickel (Ni)	231-111-4	7440-02-0	1.18	Skin Sens. 1; Carc. 2; STOT RE 1; Aquatic Chronic 3; H317, H351, H372, H412
Polyethylene (C ₂ H ₄)n)		9002-88-4	4.37	Not classified
Lithium, Hexafluorphosphate (LiPF ₆)	244-334-7	21324-40-3		Acute Tox. 3; Skin Corr. 1A; STOT RE 1; H301, H314, H372
Organic Solvent			13.44	Not classified

These chemicals are contained in a sealed can, inside a sealed container. Risk of exposure only occurs if battery is mechanically, thermally or electrically abused.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Contact of electrolyte and extruded lithium with skin and eyes should be avoided.

Eyes

Following eye contact, cautiously rinse affected eye with clean lukewarm water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin

Following skin contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with copious amounts of soap and water. If irritation or pain persists, seek medical attention.

Ingestion

Following ingestion, rinse out mouth with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Seek immediate medical attention.

Inhalation

If inhaled electrolyte, remove victim to fresh air and remove source of contamination from area. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms, seek medical attention.



4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute effects

Direct contact of internal electrolyte gel with eyes may cause severe burns or blindness
Direct contact of internal electrolyte gel with the skin may cause skin irritation or damaging burns.
Vapor or mist can irritate the eyes, mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Exposure can cause nausea, dizziness and headache.

Chronic/delayed effects

Overexposure to the internal electrolytegel may cause reproductive disorder(s) based on tests with laboratory animals. Target organs affected could be kidneys, central nervous system, eyes, and male reproductive system. Overexposure may cause cancer. Target organs are the brain, intestine, mammary gland, haematopoietic system and kidneys.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water, dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide (CO2) and foam are most effective to extinguish a battery fire.

For small fires use only sand, dry chemical powder, CO2 or regular foam. Continuously apply media until fire is extinguished.

For large fires, use copious quantities of water spray. Continuously apply media until fire is extinguished. Large fires should only be extinguished by trained fire fighters.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use small quantities of water. If water spray is used, it must be continually applied until fire is extinguished.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Battery may vent when subjected to excessive heat-exposing, fire or over voltage condition. Risk of explosion by fire is anticipated if batteries are disposed of in fire. Firefighting water runoff and dilution water may be toxic and corrosive and may cause adverse environmental impacts.

The interaction of water or water vapour with electrolyte may result in the generation of hydrogen and hydrogen fluoride (HF) gas.

Contact with battery electrolyte may be irritating to the skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Fire will produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Fumes may cause dizziness or suffocation.



Lithium ion batteries contain flammable liquid electrolyte that may vent, ignite and produce sparks when subjected to high temperatures, when damaged or abused.

Burning cells may ignite other cells or objects within close proximity.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Large lithium ion battery fires should only be extinguished by properly equipped fire fighters with training specific to lithium ion battery fires.

Wear NIOSH/MSHA/EN469-approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing when fighting chemical fires.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

The material contained within the batteries is only released if the battery is mechanically, thermally, or electrically abused and the enclosure is ruptured.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas

Remove all sources of ignition

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapours

User personal protection recommended in Section 8.3

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so

Do not allow electrolyte to flow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Add neutralizer/absorbent, e.g. sand or vermiculite, to spill area. Sweep or shovel spilled material and absorbent and place in approved container. Dispose of any non-recyclable materials in accordance with local, state, provincial or federal regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for more information

See Section 8 for more information

See Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Do not open, disassemble, crush, puncture, or burn product. If battery case is broken, avoid contact with internal components. Do not handle near heat, sparks, or open flames.



Remove metallic accessories, rings and other jewellery when handling live batteries.

Protect containers from physical damage to avoid leaks and spills.

Place cardboard between layers of stacked batteries to avoid damage and short circuits,

Do not allow conductive material to touch the battery terminals. A dangerous short-circuit may occur and cause battery failure and fire.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Insulate positive and negative terminals to avoid short circuit. Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse. Store product in cool, dry and ventilated area, which is subjected to little temperature changes. Storage at high temperatures, or exposure to direct sunlight for long periods, should be avoided. The recommended storage temperature is -20°C–45°C, not to exceed 60°C. Elevated temperatures can result in shortened battery life.

Keep out of reach of children.

Store in accordance with local regulations.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in SECTION 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

3.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Exposures to hazardous substances are not expected when product is used for its intended purpose. See Section8.2 for ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace if a battery case has been compromised or damaged.

Biological limit values

Exposures to hazardous substances are not expected when product is used for its intended purpose.

Exposure limits at intended use

Exposures to hazardous substances are not expected when product is used for its intended purpose.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) / Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Not applicable.

Risk management measures according to used control banding approach

Not applicable.



8.2 Ingredients with limit values

Chemical Name	Graphite (CAS #: 7782-42-5)	Copper(CAS #: 7440-50-8)	Aluminium (CAS #: 7429-90-5)	Lithium, Hexa- fluorphosphate (LiPF ₆) (CAS #:
Region				21324-40-3)
Australia	3 mg/m3	1 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	2.5 mg/m3
		0.2 mg/m3	5mg/m3	
Austria	STEL: 10 mg/m3	STEL: 4mg/m3	STEL 20 mg/m3	
	TWA: 5 mg/m3	STEL: 0.4 mg/m3	TWA: 10 mg/m3	
		TWA: 1 mg/m3 TWA: 0.1 mg/m3		
Belgium				
		T\\\\\ \ . 1 \ 0 \ \max \alpha \/ \max \cdot 2	T\\\\ \ . E = \(\alpha \/ \sqrt{\page 2}	T\\\\\\ . 2 E / 2
Denmark	TWA: 2.5 mg/m3	TWA: 1.0 mg/m3 TWA: 0.1 mg/m3	TWA: 5 mg/m3 TWA: 2 mg/m3	TWA: 2.5 mg/m3
Furancan Union		TVVA. 0.1 IIIg/III3	1 VVA. 2 IIIg/III3	
European Union		T14/4 0.0 / 0		
France		TWA: 0.2 mg/m3	TWA: 10 mg/m3	
		TWA: 1 mg/m3	TWA: 5 mg/m3	
Eta la card		STEL: 2 mg/m3 TWA: 1 mg/m3	TWA: 1.5 mg/m3	
Finland		TWA: 0.1 mg/m3	TVVA. 1.5 mg/ms	
Germany		TWA: 0.11 mg/m3	TWA: 4 mg/m3	TWA: 1 mg/m3 Skin
Germany		Ceiling/peak: 0.02	TWA: 1.5 mg/m3	TVVA. TING/INS SKIN
		mg/m3	1 vv/ (: 1.5 mg/m6	
		Ceiling/peak: 0.2		
		mg/m3		
Italy				
Latvia		TWA: 0.5 mg/m3	TWA: 2 mg/m3	
Latvia		STEL: 1 mg/m3		
Netherlands		TWA: 0.1 mg/m3		
Norway		TWA: 0.1 mg/m3	TWA: 5 mg/m3	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		TWA: 1 mg/m3	STEL: 5 mg/m3	
		STEL: 0.1 mg/m3		
		STEL: 1 mg/m3		
Poland			TWA: 2.5 mg/m3	
			TWA: 1.2 mg/m3	
Portugal			TWA: 10 mg/m3	
			TWA: 5 mg/m3	
Spain			TWA: 10 mg/m3	
0 1: 1			TWA: 5 mg/m3	
Switzerland			TWA: 3 mg/m3	
United Kingdom			STEL: 30 mg/m3	
			STEL: 12 mg/m3	
			TWA: 10 mg/m3	
Othoru			TWA: 4 mg/m3	
Other:	TIA/A O C / C	TIAVA O O	TIMA	TIA/A 0 = / = =
ACGIH TLV	TWA: 2.0 mg/m3	TWA: 0.2 mg/m3 fume	TWA: 1mg/m3	TWA: 2.5 mg/m3 F
	Respirable fraction all forms except graphite	TWA: 1 mg/m3 Cu dust	respirable fraction	
	forms except graphite fibers	and mist		
OSHA PEL	Tibers		TWA: 15 mg/m3 total	
USHA FEL			dust	
			TWA: 5 mg/m3	



Chemical Name	Graphite (CAS #: 7782-42-5)	Copper(CAS #: 7440-50-8)	Aluminium (CAS #: 7429-90-5)	Lithium, Hexa- fluorphosphate (LiPF ₆) (CAS #:
Region				21324-40-3)
			respirable fraction (vacated) TWA: 15 mg/m3 total dust (vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m3 respirable fraction (vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m3 Al	
NIOSH IDLH		IDLH: 100 mg/m3 dust, fume and mist IDLH: 100 mg/m3 Cu dust and mist TWA: 1 mg/m3 dust and mist TWA: 0.1 mg/m3 fume TWA: 1 mg/m3 Cu dust and mist	TWA: 10 mg/m3 total dust TWA: 5 mg/m3 respirable dust TWA: 5 mg/m3 Al	

8.3 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Not necessary under normal conditions. Broken or leaking batteries should be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash hands before work breaks and at the end of workday. Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling leaking batteries.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection: Not necessary under conditions of normal use. In case of battery rupture or leakage, wear safety goggles or side shields when handling.

Skin protection: Not necessary under conditions of normal use. In case of battery rupture or leakage, wear rubber apron and nitrile, neoprene, or natural rubber gloves when handling an open or leaking battery. Inspect gloves prior to use. Change disposable gloves within 30 minutes of obvious contamination by electrolyte. Remove dirty gloves by appropriate technique. Do not touch outer surface of glove.

Respiratory protection: Not necessary under conditions of normal use. In case of battery venting or rupture, inside an enclosed space, use NIOSH approved or equivalent self-contained breathing apparatus.

8.4 Environmental exposure controls

Comply with the handling and storage guidelines in Section 7. Do not allow any spilled electrolyte from damaged product in any sewer, on the ground, or into any body of water.



SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on the basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Solid. Battery system, battery module, or cell.

Color Grey Odor Odourless Odor threshold Not applicable На Not applicable Melting point / freezing point Not applicable Initial boiling point / boiling range Not applicable Flash point Not applicable **Evaporation rate** Not applicable Flammability Not applicable

Flammability limit in air Not applicable

Vapor pressure Not applicable

Vapor density Not applicable Not applicable Density Specific gravity Not available Solubility in water Insoluble Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not applicable Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable Decomposition temperature Not applicable Not applicable Viscosity Explosive properties Not applicable Oxidizing properties Not applicable

9.2 Other information

Electrical specifications

Model	Nominal Voltage	Electric Capacity	Electric Energy
12-48-6650	51.2 V	130 AH	6656 WH
42-48-6650	51.2 V	130 AH	6656 WH
14-24-2800	25.6 V	110 AH	2816 WH
44-24-2800	25.6 V	110 AH	2816 WH
15-24-1000	25.6 V	40 AH	1024 WH
IFR32650	3.2 V	5 AH	16 WH

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7, Handling and storage)

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.



10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

A shorted lithium battery can cause thermal and chemical burns upon contact with the skin.

If a battery is severely heated by a surrounding fire, acrid or harmful fumes may be emitted.

If leaked, do not allow contact with strong oxidizers, mineral acids, strong alkalis, halogenated hydrocarbons.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse, including: external short circuit of battery, deformation by crush, direct sunlight, high humidity, temperatures exceeding 60°C, puncture, sources of ignition, or installation with incorrect polarity.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong bases, combustible organic materials, reducing agents, strong oxidizers, and sea water or other electrically conductive liquids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

A compromised battery may emit irritating or toxic fumes and gases, including metallic oxide, hydrogen fluoride, carbon monoxide, and carbon monoxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute Toxicity

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Copper (CAS #: 7440-50-8)	> 2500 mg/kg bw (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg bw (rat)	= 1.03 mg/L/4 h (rat)
Aluminium (CAS #: 7429-90-5)	> 15900 mg/kg bw(rat)		> 0.888 mg/L/4 h (rat)
Ferrum (CAS # 7439-89-6)	> 7500 mg/kg bw (rat)		

Skin corrosion/irritation Non-irritating to the skin under normal conditions Serious eye damage/irritation No eye irritation under normal conditions No information available. Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available. Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Risk of exposure occurs only if the battery enclosure is compromised. Reproductive toxicity Risk of exposure occurs only if the battery enclosure is compromised. STOT-single exposure No information available. No information available. STOT-repeated exposure Aspiration hazard No information available.



SECTION 12: Ecological information

When properly used or disposed, the batteries do not present environmental hazard.

12.1 Toxicity

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants EC50	Fish LC50	Crustacea EC50
Copper (CAS #: 7440-50-8)	0.031 - 0.054 mg/L/96h	1.25: 96h Lepomis	
	Pseudokirchnerilla	macrochirus mg/L	
	subcapitata static	LC50 static 0.3: 96h	
	-	Cyprinus carpio mg/L	
	0.0426 - 0.0535	LC50 semi-static 0.8:	
	mg/L/72h	96h Cyprinus carpio	
	Pseudokirchneriella	mg/L LG50 Static 0.112:	
	subcapitata static	96 h Poecilia reticulate	
		mg/L LC50 Flow-	
		through 0.0068 – 0.0156:	
		96 h Pimephales	
		promelas mg/L LC50	
		0.3: 96h Pimephales	
		promelas mg/L LC50	
		static 0.2: 96h	
		Pimephales promelas	
		mg/L LC50 flow-through	
		0.052: 96h	
		Orcorhynchus mykiss	
		mg/L LC50 flow-through	
Aluminium (CAS #: 7429-90-5)		> 50 mg/L/96h	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Batteries and cells released in the environment will slowly degrade and may release toxic or harmful substances. Batteries should be disposed or recycled according to local regulations.



SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Recycling is encouraged. Do not throw out a used battery or cell in the landfill. Electrolyte should not be dumped into any sewers, on the ground, or into any body of water. Recycle through a qualified recycling company.

Canada Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal laws and regulations.

Europe Dispose of in accordance with relevant EC Directives and national, regional, and local

environmental control regulations. For disposal within the EC, the appropriate code

according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) should be used.

USA Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal laws and regulations.

Following local, State/Provincial, and Federal/National regulations applicable to end-of-life characteristics is the responsibility of the end user. Store material for disposal as indicated in Section 7.

SECTION 14: Transport information

All Discover AES battery models (and their internal cells) have independently passed testing required by Section 38.3 of the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria.

14.1 UN number

Air transport (ICAO/IATA)	UN3480
Sea transport (IMDG)	UN3480
Inland waterway transport (ADN)	UN3480
Land transport (ADR/RID)	UN3480

14.2 Proper shipping name

Air transport (ICAO/IATA)	Lithium Ion Batteries
Sea transport (IMDG)	Lithium Ion Batteries
Inland waterway transport (ADN)	Lithium Ion Batteries
Land transport (ADR/RID)	Lithium Ion Batteries

14.3 Hazard Class

Air transport (ICAO/IATA)	9
Sea transport (IMDG)	9
Inland waterway transport (ADN)	9
Land transport (ADR/RID)	9

14.4 Packing Group

Air transport (ICAO/IATA)	Ш
Sea transport (IMDG)	



Inland waterway transport (ADN) II Land transport (ADR/RID) II

14.5 Environmental Hazards

Dangerous goods

14.6 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Worldwide air transportation: The goods are packaged according to Section 1A of PACKING

INSTRUCTION 965 of the 2016 IATA Dangerous Goods.Lithiumion batteries may be air transported on CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY

and are forbidden in passenger aircraft.

Worldwide sea transportation: The goods are packaged according to the special provision 188 of

IMDG.IMO-IMDG Code [P903]

14.7 Labelling

Use Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods and UN Identification labels for transportation of lithium-ion batteries which are assigned Class 9. Refer to relevant transportation documents. Lithium and lithium-ion cells and batteries are regulated in the USA in accordance with Part 49 Regulations of the Code of Federal Regulations, (49 CFR Sections 105-180) of the U.S. Hazardous Materials Regulations.

Lithium-ion batteries, under UN3480, PI 965, Section 1A, must be declared as CARGO AIRCRAFT ONLY (CAO).



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health, and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Canada

This is not a controlled product under WHMIS. This product meets the definition of a "manufactured article" and is not subject to the regulations of the Hazardous Products Act.



All ingredients in the product are listed, as required, on the DSL/NDSL.

This product does not contain any NPRI Substances.

Europe

Under normal use, this product is not classified as hazardous according to:

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Directive 67/548/EEC Directive 1999/45/EC

Risk phrases None

Safety phrases S2: Keep out of the reach of children.

USA

This product is an article pursuant to 29 CFR 1910.1200 and, as such, is not subject to the OSHA hazard communication standard requirement.

TSCA Status All ingredients in the product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

SARA Title III

 Sec. 302/304
 None

 Sec. 311/312
 None

 Sec. 313
 None

 CERCLA RQ
 None

California Prop 65 This product does not contain chemicals know to the State of

California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

SECTION 16: Other information

This material Safety Data Sheet (SDS) complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

16.1 Revision summary

August 26, 2016 New document

November 1, 2016 Updated 24-hour emergency contact number

16.2 Terms & Definitions

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the SDS:

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

Ceiling Maximum limit value

DSL/NDSL Canadian Domestic Substances List / Non-Domestic Substances

List

ENCS Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances



EINECS/ELINCS European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances / European

List of Notified

IATA International Air Transport Association

IECSC China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

KECL Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

NPRI National Pollutant Release Inventory

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TSCA United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

STOT RE Specific Target Organ Toxicity – repeated exposure

TWA Time Weighted Average

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Full text of H-Statements referred to under Section 3

H228 Flammable solid

H261 Contact with water releases flammable gases

H301 Toxic if swallowed

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H317 May cause an allergic reaction
H351 Suspected of causing cancer

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

16.3 Manufacturer disclaimer

THE INFORMATION ABOVE IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE AND REPRESENTS THE BEST INFORMATION CURRENTLY AVAILABLE TO US. HOWEVER, DISCOVER ENERGY BATTERY MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO SUCH INFORMATION, AND WE ASSUME NO LIABILITY RESULTING FROM ITS USE. USERS SHOULD MAKE THEIR OWN INVESTIGATIONS TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF THE INFORMATION FOR THEIR PARTICULAR PURPOSES. ALTHOUGH REASONABLE PRECAUTIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN IN THE PREPARATION OF THE DATA CONTAINED HEREIN, IT IS OFFERED SOLELY FOR YOUR INFORMATION, CONSIDERATION AND INVESTIGATION. THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET PROVIDES GUIDELINES FOR THE SAFE HANDLING AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT; IT DOES NOT AND CANNOT ADVISE ON ALL POSSIBLE SITUATIONS, THEREFORE, YOUR SPECIFIC USE OF THIS PRODUCT SHOULD BE EVALUATED TO DETERMINE IF ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS ARE REQUIRED.